Topic 4 - Calculations and titrations

_		The average mass of an atom of an element compared to Carbon-12.
_	Relative formula mass (<i>M_r</i>)	The sum of all the atomic masses of the atoms in a formula of a substance (e.g. CO_2).

How to calculate formula mass M_r

Add up all the atomic masses in a formula.	e.g. CO ₂ Mass of C = 12. Mass of oxygen = 16.
Torritula.	12 + (2x16) = 44

Chemical calculations Key Terms

Yield of a chemical reaction	Describes how much product is made
Percentage yield	Tells you how much product is made compared with the maximum amount that could be made.
Atom Economy	A measure of the amount of starting materials that end up as useful products
Titration	Used to measure accurately what volumes of acid and alkali react together completely.
Standard solution	A solution of known concentration.

Percentage yield = <u>actual yield of product produced</u> x 100 theoretical yield of product

Factors affecting percentage yield

- Reaction may be reversible
- Some unwanted products may be formed
- Some of the desired product lost in handling/left on apparatus
- Reactants may be impure

Titrations

Method - The method is the same for sulfuric acid, hydrochloric acid and nitric acid.

- Use the pipette and pipette filler to add a measured volume of sodium hydroxide solution to a clean conical flask.
- · Add a few drops of indicator and put the conical flask on a white tile.
- Fill the burette with hydrochloric acid and note the starting volume.
- Slowly add the acid from the burette to the alkali in the conical flask, swirling to mix.
- Stop adding the acid when the end-point is reached (when the indicator first permanently changes colour). Note the final volume reading.
- Repeat steps 1 to 5 until titres are obtained.

Key Terms	Definitions
Concentration	A measure of the number of moles or mass in a given volume.
Titration	An experimental techniques where unknown concentrations of solutions can be found.
Burette	A piece of apparatus used to accurately measure volumes of solution.





