ASc13 – Exploring Biology

<u>Skills</u>

 Problem solving: practical laboratory work to find out the differences between plant and animal cells and why it may happen, using identification keys to name living organisms.



- Managing information: using different sources to find out additional information about living organisms, check relevance and accuracy of findings, organising results to present to others.

Types of living organisms

- Types of living organisms e.g. fish, plants, animals, fungus, bacterium, humans.



- Life processes e.g. ability to convert food into energy, growth, excretion, reproduction, breathe, sensitivity and can move. - Function of and differences between plant and animal cells e.g. nucleus, cytoplasm, cell membrane, mitochondria, vacuole, chloroplast and cell wall.

Differences in humans

- Variations in humans, e.g. height, skin colour, ear lobes, feet size, hair colour, left and right handed.



- Role of genes in inheritance e.g. chromosomes, allele, dominant recessive, mutations.
- Investigations to show variations, e.g. eye colour, tongue rolling, hand-span width, thick/thin hair.

Scientific experiments

- Selection and use of simple **laboratory apparatus** – slides, slide cover, microscope, pipette, test tube.
- Safety, to include: using safety equipment, e.g. goggles, spectacles,



protective clothing behaving safely.

 Preparing and viewing slides, using simple stains of cells from plants and animals, e.g. cells of cheeks, leaf, stem, seeds, pollen and onions.



- Looking at prepared cells that show greater variations, e.g. nerves, kidney tissue, liver tissue, skin, antennae of insects, membranes of insect wings.
- Finding out about the role of the nucleus in terms of containing genetic material and controlling cell functions.



- Laboratory housekeeping e.g. personal protective equipment, cleaning equipment after use, appropriate storage.

Basic keys for identification

- Different types of **keys for** identification, e.g. yes/no questions, flow charts with text and/or illustrations, branching.
- Using keys to identify living organisms by their characteristics, e.g. leaf shape, leaf patterns, flower shape, colour, number of legs, body divisions, wings or no wings.

